1	Section 2-160	00 TR-2 (Transitional Residential - 2)
2	2-1601 Pu	rpose and Intent. The purpose and intent of the TR-2 district is to:
3	(A)	Create a visual/spatial transition between the suburban area and the rural area of the County;
5	(B)	Achieve a blend of rural and suburban development;
6 7	(C)	Encourage new development designs that incorporate both suburban and rural features;
8	(D)	Achieve a balance between the built and natural environment;
9	(E)	Protect and integrate open space and natural resources; and
10 11	(F)	Implement requirements that open space be provided in conjunction with conservation design and other the standards of this Ordinance.
12	·	
13 14		se Regulations. Table 2-1602 summarizes the principal use regulations of the TR-2 strict.
15 16	(A)	Organization of Use Table. Table 2-1602 organizes the uses in the TR-2 district by Use Classifications, Use Categories and Use Types.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26		(1) Use Classifications. The Use Classifications are: residential uses; agricultural uses; public and institutional uses; commercial uses; and industrial uses. The Use Classifications provide a systematic basis for assigning present and future land uses into broad general classifications (e.g., residential uses and agricultural uses). The Use Classifications then organize land uses and activities into general "Use Categories" and specific "Use Types" based on common functional, product, or physical characteristics, such as the type and amount of activity, the type of customers or residents, how goods or services are sold or delivered, and site conditions.
27 28 29 30 31 32		Use Categories. The Use Categories describe the major sub-groups of the Use Classification, based on common characteristics (e.g., the residential Use Classification is divided into two major Use Categories: Household Living and Group Living). Principal uses are identified in defining the Use Category. They are principal uses that most closely share the common characteristics that are key to the Use Category.
33 34		(3) Use Types. The Use Categories are then divided into specific Use Types The specific Use Types are included in the respective Use Category. The
₽ .		Section 2-1600

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1 2 3 4		identify the specific uses that are considered to fall within characteristics identified in the Use Category. For example, single family detached dwellings, multi-family dwellings and town houses are Use Types in the Household Living Use Category.
5 6	(B)	Use Categories and Use Types Defined. All the Use Categories and Use Types listed in Table 2-1602 are defined in Article VIII (Definitions).
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	(C)	Permitted and Special Exception Uses. A "P" in the column identified "TR-2" indicates that a Use Category or specific Use Type is permitted as a matter of right (as a permitted use) in the TR-2 district, subject to compliance with all applicable standards and regulations in this Ordinance and all other county ordinances. An "S" indicates that a Use Type is allowed in the TR-2 district as a special exception in accordance with the procedures and standards of Section 6-1300. In some instances and based on the Additional Regulations for Specific Uses (Section 5-600), a Use Type will be permitted under certain conditions (allowed as a permitted use), or allowed as a special exception under other conditions. In those instances, it is identified as "P/S."
17 18 19 20 21	(D)	Reference to General Use Category. References to "General Use Category" under the Use Type column, means all of the uses in the Use Category are allowed. The Use Categories are defined in Article VIII. Where specific Use Types are listed in the Use Type column, only the listed Use Types in the Use Category are allowed. The Use Types are defined in Article VIII.
22 23 24 25 26 27	2-1602 (Addit specific regula Specific Uses)	egulations for Specific Uses. References to sections in the final column of Table tional Regulations for Specific Uses) indicate that the listed use is subject to userations. The numbers provide a cross-reference to the "Additional Regulations for in Section 5-600. All the Use Categories and Use Types listed in Table 2-1602 Article VIII (Definitions).

T	TABLE R-2 TRANSITIONAL RESIDEN	TIAL-2 DIST	
USE CATEGORY	P = PERMITTED S = S USE TYPE	TR-2	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES
RESIDENTIAL USE	S		
	Accessory dwelling (accessory to single family detached dwelling)	Р	Section 5-613
	Dwelling, single-family detached, including manufactured housing	P	Manufactured housing subject to Section 5-620.
Household Living	Home occupation (accessory to single family detached dwelling)	P	Section 5-400
	Portable Dwelling/ Construction Trailer	Р	
	Guest house (accessory to single family detached dwelling	P	Section 5-612
*	Congregate housing facility	S	
	Continuing care facility	S	
Group Living	Orphanage or similar institution	S	
	Monastery or convent	S	Section 5-656
	Tenant dwelling	P/S	Section 5-602
AGRICULTURAL U	ISES		
Agriculture	General Use Category	Р	Section 5-626
Horticulture	General Use Category	P	Section 5-626

$\mathbf{r}$	TABLE : R-2 TRANSITIONAL RESIDEN	2-1602 FIAL-2 DISTI	RICT USE TABLE				
P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION							
USE CATEGORY		TR-2	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES				
Animal Husbandry	General Use Category	P	Section 5-626				
	Animal care business	Р	Section 5-627				
	Custom operators	P	Section 5-627				
	Direct market business for sale of products produced on-site including but not limited to PYO (pick-your-own)	Р	Section 5-627				
	Equestrian facilities	P	Section 5-627				
Agriculture Support and	Equestrian facility, on lots of less than fifty (50) acres, or without frontage on a state maintained road	S	Section 5-627				
Services Directly Related to On-going	Farm co-ops	Р	Section 5-627				
Agriculture, Horticulture and Animal Husbandry	Farm based tourism events	P	Section 5-628				
Activity, On-Site	Farm markets	P	Section 5-603				
	Pet farms	P	Section 5-627				
	Stables	P	Section 5-627				
	Stable, neighborhood on lots less than twenty five (25) acres, or without frontage on a state maintained road	S	Section 5-627				
	Wayside stand	Р	Section 5-604				
Animal Services	Veterinary service	P					
PUBLIC AND INSTI	TUTIONAL USES						
	Child care home	P	Section 5-609(A)				
Day Care Facilities	Child or adult day care	S	Section 5-609(B)				
Cultural and Governmental	Community center, HOA facilities only	Р					

### TABLE 2-1602 TR-2 TRANSITIONAL RESIDENTIAL-2 DISTRICT USE TABLE

#### P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION

USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	TR-2	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES
Facilities	Structures or uses for local government purposes not otherwise listed	S	
	Colleges or Universities (including dorms)	S	
	School (elementary or middle), for fifteen (15) pupils or less	Р	Section 5-655
Education	School (elementary, middle, or high), for more than 15 pupils	S	
	Seminary	S	
	Vocational school	S	
	Cemetery	S	Section 5-637
	Mausoleum	S	Section 5-637
Park and Open Space	Community, neighborhood, or regional park, passive recreational uses	P	
	Community, neighborhood, or regional park, active recreational uses	S	
	Wetlands mitigation bank	P	
	Fire and/or rescue station	S	Section 5-638
Public Safety	Police station or substation	S	Section 5-638
	Church, synagogue, temple or mosque with seating capacity of 300 or less seats in sanctuary or main activity area	P	Section 5-639
Religious Assembly	Church, synagogue, temple, or mosque with seating capacity of more than 300 in sanctuary or main activity area, or with accessory schools, day care centers, with more than 50 children, recreational facilities	S	Section 5-639
Utility	Communal sewer system	P	Section 5-621

## TABLE 2-1602 TR-2 TRANSITIONAL RESIDENTIAL-2 DISTRICT USE TABLE

#### P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION

USE CATEGOR	P = PERMITTED S = S	TR-2	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS
OSE CATEGOR		4	FOR SPECIFIC USES
	Communal water supply system	P	Section 5-621
	Public utility service center and storage yard	S	Section 5-621
	Public utility service center, without outdoor storage	P	Section 5-621
	Recycling drop off collection center, public	P	Section 5-607
	Recycling drop off collection center, private	S	Section 5-607
	Sewage and water treatment plant	s	Section 5-621
	Utility substation, dedicated	S	Section 5-621
	Utility substation, distribution	S	Section 5-616 and 5-621
	Utility substation, transmission	S	Section 5-616 and 5-621
	Utility transmission line, overhead (excluding connections of lines from public utility transmission lines to individual development sites)	S	Unless exempted by Section 1-103 (D)
	Utility transmission line, underground	P	
·	Water storage tank	S	Section 5-621
	Sewage and water pumping station	Р	Section 5-621
COMMERCIAL U	SES		
Recreation and	Golf course	S	Section 5-648
Entertainment	Private club or lodge	S	
Retail Sales and Service	Small business	P/S	Section 5-614
	Bed and breakfast homestay	P/S	Section 5-601(A)
Visitor Accommodation	Bed and breakfast inn	S	Section 5-601(B)
	<u> </u>		Section 2 1600

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TABLE 2-1602 TR-2 TRANSITIONAL RESIDENTIAL-2 DISTRICT USE TABLE  P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION						
USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	TR-2	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES			
INDUSTRIAL USES						
	Radio and/or television tower	S	Section 5-618			
	Telecommunications antenna	P	Section 5-618(A)			
Telecommunication	Telecommunications monopole	P	Section 5-618(B)(1)			
Facilities	Telecommunications monopole	S	Section 5-618(B)(2)			
	Telecommunication tower	S	Section 5-618(C)(2)			

#### Development Standards. 2-1603

- General. All development in the TR-2 district, unless exempted pursuant to (A) Section 2-1603 (B) shall be developed consistent with Section 5-701 (TR Districts Lot Standards) and 6 2000 (Conservation Design).
- Exemptions. The development of a lot existing on the date of adoption is (B) exempted from the standards and requirements of Section 5-701 (TR Districts Lot Standards. The development of such lot shall be subject to the development standards of Table 2-1603(B).

TABLE 2-1603(B): TR-2 BUILDING REQUIREMENTS FOR EXISTING LOTS (Lots Existing Prior to January 7, 2003)					
Minimum Required Yards	No building shall be located within 25 feet of any property line nor within 100 feet from the right-of-way of any arterial road, 75 feet from the right-of-way of any collector road, and 35 feet from any other road right-of-way, private access easement, and any prescriptive easement.				
Maximum Floor Area Ratio	0.05				
Maximum Building Height	35 feet. No restriction for buildings used exclusively for agriculture, horticulture and animal husbandry.				

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1	Section 2-1700	TR-1 (Transitional Residential - 1)
2	2-1701 Pur	pose and Intent.
3	(A)	The purpose and intent of the TR-1 districts is to:
4 5	` '	(1) Create a visual/spatial transition between the suburban area and the rural area of the County;
6		(2) Achieve a blend of rural and suburban development;
7 8		(3) Encourage new development designs that incorporate both suburban and rural features;
9		(4) Achieve a balance between the built and natural environment;
10		(5) Protect and integrate open space and natural resources; and
11 12		(6) Implement requirements that open space be provided in conjunction with the conservation design and other standards of this Ordinance.
13 14		e Regulations. Table 2-1702 summarizes the principal use regulations of the TR-1 tricts.
15 16	(A)	<b>Organization of Use Table.</b> Table 2-1702 organizes the uses in the TR-1 districts by Use Classifications, Use Categories and Use Types.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26		(1) Use Classifications. The Use Classifications are: residential uses; agricultural uses; public and institutional uses; commercial uses; and industrial uses. The Use Classifications provide a systematic basis for assigning present and future land uses into broad general classifications (e.g., residential uses and agricultural uses). The Use Classifications then organize land uses and activities into general "Use Categories" and specific "Use Types" based on common functional, product, or physical characteristics, such as the type and amount of activity, the type of customers or residents, how goods or services are sold or delivered, and site conditions.
27 28 29 30 31 32		Use Categories. The Use Categories describe the major sub-groups of the Use Classification, based on common characteristics (e.g., the residential Use Classification is divided into two major Use Categories: Household Living and Group Living). Principal uses are identified in defining the Use Category. They are principal uses that most closely share the common characteristics that are key to the Use Category.

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TABLE 2-1702 TR-1 TRANSITIONAL RESIDENTIAL-1 DISTRICTS USE TABLE							
P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION							
USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	TR-1 UBF	TR-1 LF	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES			
RESIDENTIAL USE	es						
	Accessory dwelling (accessory to single family detached dwelling)	Р	P	Section 5-613			
	Dwelling, single- family detached, including manufactured housing	P	P	Manufactured housing subject to Section 5-620.			
Household Living	Home occupation (accessory to single family detached dwelling)	P	P	Section 5-400			
	Portable Dwelling/ Construction Trailer	P	Р				
	Guest house (accessory to single family detached dwelling	P	P	Section 5-612			
	Congregate housing facility	S	S				
	Continuing care facility	s	S				
Group Living	Orphanage or similar institution	S	S				
	Monastery or convent	S	S	Section 5-656			
	Tenant dwelling	P/S	P/S	Section 5-602			
AGRICULTURAL U	ISES	-					
Agriculture	General Use Category	Р	P	Section 5-626			
Horticulture	General Use Category	Р	P	Section 5-626			
Animal Husbandry	General Use Category	P	P	Section 5-626			

TABLE 2-1702 TR-1 TRANSITIONAL RESIDENTIAL-1 DISTRICTS USE TABLE							
P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION							
USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	TR-1 UBF	TR-1 LF				
	Animal care business	Р	P	Section 5-627			
·	Custom operators	P	Р	Section 5-627			
	Direct market business for sale of products produced on-site - including but not limited to PYO (pick-your- own)	P	P	Section 5-627			
	Equestrian facilities	P	P	Section 5-627			
Agriculture Support and Services Directly Related to On-going Agriculture,	Equestrian facilities, on lots of less than fifty (50) acres, or without frontage on a state maintained road	S	S	Section 5-627			
Horticulture and Animal Husbandry	Farm co-ops	Р	P	Section 5-627			
Activity, On-Site	Farm based tourism	P	Р	Section 5-628			
	Farm markets	P	Р	Section 5-603			
	Pet farms	P	Р	Section 5-627			
	Stables	P	Р	Section 5-627			
	Stable, neighborhood on lots less than twenty five (25) acres, or without frontage on a state maintained road	S	S	Section 5-627			
	Wayside stand	Р	P	Section 5-604			
Animal Services	Veterinary service	Р	P				

TI	R-1 TRANSITIONAL RI	TABLE 2- SIDENTI	-1702 AL-1 DIST	RICTS USE TABLE
	P = PERMITTE	S = SP	ECIAL EX	CEPTION
USE CATEGORY	.48	TR-1 UBF	TR-1	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES
PUBLIC AND INST	ITUTIONAL USES			·
	Child care home	P	Р	Section 5-609(A)
Day Care Facilities	Child or adult day care	S	S	Section 5-609(B)
	Community center, HOA facilities only	P	P	
Cultural and Governmental Facilities	Structure or uses for local government purposes not otherwise listed in district	S	S	
	Colleges or universities (including dorms)	S	S	
	School (elementary or middle), for fifteen (15) pupils or less	P	P	Section 5-655
Education	School (elementary, middle, or high), for more than 15 pupils	S	S	
	Seminary	S	S	
	Vocational school	S	S	
	Cemetery	S	S	Section 5-637
	Mausoleum	S	S	Section 5-637
	Crematorium	S	S	Section 5-637
Park and Open Space	Community, neighborhood, or regional park, passive recreational uses	P	P	
	Community, neighborhood, or regional park, active recreational uses	S	S	
	Wetland mitigation bank	P	Р	

TR	-1 TRANSITIONAL RI	TABLE 2- ESIDENTIA	1702 AL-1 DISTI	RICTS USE TABLE	
P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION					
USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	TR-1 UBF	TR-1 LF	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES	
	Fire and/or rescue station	S	S	Section 5-638	
Public Safety	Police station or substation	S	S	Section 5-638	
	Church, synagogue, temple or mosque with seating capacity of 300 or less seats in sanctuary or main activity area	P	P	Section 5-639	
Religious Assembly	Church, synagogue, temple, or mosque with seating capacity of more than 300 in sanctuary or main activity area, or with accessory schools, day care centers with more than 50 children, recreational facilities	S	S	Section 5-639	
Utility	Communal sewer system	P		Section 5-621	- The second sec
TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	Communal water supply system	P		Section 5-621	
	Public utility service center and storage yard	S	S	Section 5-621	
The state of the s	Public utility service center, without outdoor storage	P	р	Section 5-621	
	Recycling drop off collection center, public	Р	P	Section 5-607	
	Recycling drop off collection center, private	S	S	Section 5-607	
LOCAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	Sewage and water treatment plant	S	S	Section 5-621	
	Utility substation, dedicated	P	Р	Section 5-621	
	Utility substation, distribution	S	S	Section 5-616 and 5-621	
	Utility substation, transmission	s	S	Section 5-616 and 5-621	

THE STREET	R-1 TRANSITIONAL R	TABLE 2 ESIDENTI	AL-1 DIST	RICTS USE TABLE
	P = PERMITTE	S = SP	ECIAL EX	CEPTION
USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	TR-1 UBF	TR-1 LF	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES
	Utility transmission line, overhead (excluding connections of lines from public utility transmission lines to individual development sites)	S	S	Unless exempted by Section 1-103(D)
	Utility transmission line, underground	P	P	
	Water storage tank	S	S	Section 5-621
	Water and sewer pumping station	P	Р	Section 5-621
COMMERCIAL USI	ES			
Recreation and	Golf course	S	S	Section 5-648
Entertainment	Private club or lodge	S	s	
Retail Sales and Small business		P/S	P/S	Section 5-614
Visitor Accommodation	Bed and breakfast homestay	P/S	P/S	Section 5-601(A)
	Bed and breakfast inn	S	S	Section 5-601(B)
INDUSTRIAL USES				
	Radio and/or television tower	S	S	Section 5-618
Telecommunication Facilities	Telecommunications antenna	Р	P	Section 5-618(A)
	Telecommunications monopole	P	Р	Section 5-618(B)(1)
	Telecommunications monopole	S	S	Section 5-618(B)(2)
	Telecommunication tower	S	S	Section 5-618(C)(2)

# 2-1703 Development Standards.

(A)	General. All development in the TR-1 districts, unless exempted pursuant to Section 2-1703(B) shall be developed consistent with Section 5-701 (TR Districts
	Section 2-1703(b) shall be developed to Standards) and 6 2000 (Conservation Design).

(B) Exemptions. The development of a lot existing on January 7, 2003 is exempted from the standards and requirements of Section 5-701 (TR Districts Lot Standards). The development of such lot shall be subject to the development standards of Table 2-1703(B).

Standards of Table	
TO TRUIT DING RI	TABLE 2-1703(B): EQUIREMENTS FOR EXISTING LOTS sting Prior to January 7, 2003)
Minimum Required Yards	No building shall be located within 25 feet of any property line nor within 100 feet from the right-of-way of any arterial road, 75 feet from the right-of-way of any collector road, and 35 feet from any other road right-of-way, private access easement, and any prescriptive easement.
Maximum Floor Area Ratio	0.05 35 feet. No restriction for buildings used
Maximum Building Height	exclusively for agriculture, horticulture and animal husbandry.

# Section 4-1900 Limestone Conglomerate Overlay District (LOD)

1

3	4-1901	Purpose and Intent. A large area just east of the Catoctin Mountain
4		range in the Rural Policy Area of Loudoun County is comprised of
5		limestone and "Karst terrain" areas. The limestone geology of
6		carbonate deposits is dissolved over time by mildly acidic
7		precipitation, creating fissures. The deposits are highly permeable,
8		allowing surface water to pass through quickly to underlying aquifers
9		and groundwater, and to reappear elsewhere as springs. The terrain is
10		also characterized by the presence of certain natural features, such as
11		sinkholes and rock outcrops. Thus, development on Karst terrain has a
12		direct correlation to the potential for collapse and ground slippage and
13		the susceptibility of groundwater and surface water pollution, and
14		spring contamination, posing serious risks to public health, safety, and
15		welfare. The provisions of this Section 4-1900 are intended to regulate
16		land use and development in areas underlain by limestone and in areas
17		with Karst features and Karst terrain in such a manner so as to:
18		(A) Protect groundwater and surface water resources from
19		contamination;
19		
20		(B) Reduce potential for property damage resulting from
21		subsidence or other earth movement; and
22		(C) Protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public.
23	4-1902	Authority. Authority for these provisions includes:
24		(A) Chapter 11, Title 15.2, Code of Virginia (Planning,
24 25		Subdivision of Land and Zoning).
ک شک		Subdivision of Dana and Donnig).
26		(B) Soil Conservation Districts Law, Va. Code Sections 21-2(c),
27		21-2(d).
<i>L</i> !		
28		(C) Virginia Environmental Quality Act, Va. Code Section 10-
29		<del>178.</del>
30		(D) Erosion and Sediment Control Act, Va. Code Section 21-
31		<del>89.2.</del>
32	4-1903	Applicability and Exemptions.
33		(A) Applicability Land Area and Features Included in the
34		LOD. This Section 4-1900 shall apply to all land area and
35		karst features included in the Limestone Conglomerate
36		Overlay District (LOD), as shown on the official Limestone
37		Conglomerate Overlay District Map of Loudoun County

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1 2		("LOD Map"), which with all explanatory matter thereon, is hereby incorporated by reference.
3		(1) The LOD Map delineates the following features:
4		(a) The extent of the limestone bedrock formations;
6		(b) Sinkholes; and
7		(c) Rock outcrops.
8 9		(2) The LOD Map does not delineate required buffers around karst features. (See Section 4-1905 below.)
10	<del>(B)</del>	Applicability Covered Activities. This Section shall
11	(2)	apply to all proposed land disturbing activities, including
12		non-agricultural rural economy uses, new single family
13		development, and subdivision, that occurs within the LOD.
14		Expansion, alteration, or reconstruction of legally existing
15		buildings, structures, and impervious surface areas existing
16		on January 7, 2003 shall not be covered, provided that such
17		alteration does not increase the total footprint of a structure
18		or impervious surface by more than twenty-five percent
19		(25%) or 2,000 square feet, whichever is greater.
20		
21	<del>(C)</del>	Exemptions. The following land disturbing activities shall
22		be allowed within the LOD, subject to the specific limits set
23		forth below:
24		(1) Agricultural Operations. This section shall not
25		apply to agricultural operations located in the LOD
26		that are covered by a Conservation Farm
27		Management Plan, approved by the Loudoun
28		County Soil and Water Conservation District or the
29		U.S. Natural Resources and Conservation Service
30		that includes best management practices, and a
31		Nutrient Management Plan (where applicable).
32		Structures associated with agricultural operations
33		are not exempt from these provisions.
34		(2) Existing Legal Lots within Sensitive Limestone
35		Areas. Following a Geotechnical or Geophysical
36		study, a legal lot of record, which lot was: (a) in
37		existence on January 7, 2003; and (b) contains in
38		whole or in part a sensitive environmental resource
39		associated with limestone bedrock area established
40		by Section 4-1905, below, may be developed for a

1		single-family detached dwelling and permitted
2		accessory structures. To the maximum extent
3		feasible, no development shall take place within
4		karst feature buffers, but where residential
5		development takes place, such dwelling shall be
6		sited on the lot as far from any karst feature as
7		possible, and shall comply with the development
8		standards in this section to the maximum extent
9		feasible. Development on such lot shall not be
10		allowed if subsidence poses a serious risk to public
11		health or safety or to the safety of residents or users
12		of the proposed development, as determined by the
13		County
14	4-1904	Review Procedures. All development approvals, review procedures,
15		modifications, and density calculations in the LOD are governed by
16		Article VI, "Development Process and Administration," as applicable,
17		and procedures in Chapter 8 of the Facilities Standards Manual (FSM).
18	4-1905	Establishment of Sensitive Limestone Areas.
19	+	(A) Sensitive Environmental Resources Associated with
20		Limestone Bedrock. For all development applications
21		involving properties subject to LOD as identified on the LOD
22		Map, or by an approved Preliminary Soils Review, the
23		applicant shall submit a Geotechnical or Geophysical Study
24		in accordance with standards set forth in the Facilities
25		Standards Manual, Chapter 6, Such Geotechnical or
26		Geophysical Study shall identify the following sensitive
27		environmental resources associated with limestone bedrock:
28		(1) Closed depressions;
29		(2) Open sinkholes;
30		(3) Rock outerops;
31		(4) Seasonal high water table indicators;
32		(5) Surface drainage into ground;
33		(6)——Faults;
34		(7) Other hazardous subsidence conditions;
35		(8) Underground solution channels; and

1 2		(9) Other underground features that may affect the proposed development.
3		(10) Cave openings
4		to the distribution to protect conditive
5		If conditions warrant mitigation to protect sensitive
6		environmental resources associated with limestone bedrock,
7		then the study shall propose mitigation measures to be undertaken. Avoidance of sensitive environmental resources
8		associated with limestone bedrock and of karst features shall
9		be the preferred mitigation measure.
10		be the preferred mitigation measure.
11	(B)	Karst Feature Buffers. For each karst feature identified on
12	,	the LOD Map or by an approved Preliminary Soils Review,
13		or the required Geotechnical/Geophysical Study, a Karst
14		Feature Buffer shall be established from the outermost edge
15		of the feature. The minimum Karst Feature Buffer width
16		shall be:
17		(1) Fifty (50) feet from any rock outcrop;
18		(2) One hundred (100) feet from the rim of any sinkhole; and
19		
20		(3) One hundred (100) feet from any cave opening.
21	4-1906 Pe	rmitted Uses and Activities.
22 23	(A)	Uses and Activities within Karst Feature Buffers.
24		(1) Land disturbing activities, development, and
25		impervious surface coverage are prohibited within
26		Karst Feature Buffers, except for the following:
		(a) Fences that do not obstruct surface water
27		flow;
28		•
29		(b) Trails and other passive recreation facilities, excluding buildings, for pedestrian, bike or
30		other non-motorized use, provided that such
31		facility is designed with permeable materials
32		and is located a minimum of 25 feet from
33		the edge of a karst feature; and
34		
35		(c) Restoration and revegetation.
36		(2) Residential structures shall be located outside Karst
37		Feature Buffers, unless there are no feasible

1		development sites available outside the buffers.
2		Residential structures located within a Karst feature
3		shall be sited on the lot as far away from the Karst
4		feature to the maximum extent feasible.
5		(B) Uses and Activities in the Limestone Conglomerate
6		Overlay District, Outside Karst Feature Buffers. All uses
7		and structures permitted by right in the underlying zoning
8		district are permitted within the Limestone Conglomerate
9		Overlay District outside of Karst Feature Buffers, subject to
10		the standards and mitigation measures in this Section and
11		Zoning Ordinance.
12	4-1907	Special Exception Uses. All uses and structures permitted by special
13		exception in the underlying zoning district may be permitted subject to
14		the procedures and criteria stated in Section 6-1300, "Special
15		Exception," of the Zoning Ordinance, to conditions identified in a
16		grading permit application, when required, and to any mitigation
17		measures required according to Section 4-1909, below
18	4-1908	Development Standards for the LOD. Unless otherwise exempt by
19		Section 4-1903(C) above, all land disturbing activities permitted by
20		right or special exception in the LOD shall adhere to the following
21		development standards:
22		(A) Structures in Potential Subsidence Areas. No structure
23		shall be built in an area where a Geotechnical or Geophysical
24		Study indicates that potential subsidence may occur that
25		would cause physical injury or harm to the public or future
26		residents unless such a study indicates that such potential
27		harm can be mitigated.
28		(B) Site Grading. To the maximum extent feasible, site grading
29		shall maintain natural drainages. If not feasible, then
30		drainage shall be designed to avoid damage to sensitive
31		environmental resources associated with limestone bedrock
32		as identified in the required Geotechnical or Geophysical
33		study.
34		(C) Surface Water Run-Off.
35		(1) Non-point source pollution load of nutrients and
36		sediment shall not exceed the standards specified in
37		Chapter 5 of the Facilities Standards Manual.
38		(2) Surface water run-off shall not be redirected to
39		enter a sinkhole or closed depression. Drainage
40		plans shall be designed to route surface water run-

1 2 3 4		off through vegetative filters or other filtration measures before it enters such features, and to protect neighboring properties from runoff on the subject property.
5 6 7 8	( <del>D)</del>	Revegetation. Disturbed areas not covered by paving, stone, or other solid materials shall be revegetated with native plant species that are compatible with the natural vegetation and tree cover and that have low water and nutrient requirements.
9 10 11 12 13	<del>(E)</del>	Application of Wastewater Sludge. Application of wastewater sludge shall be subject to the requirements of a nutrient management plan acceptable to the County pursuant to provisions contained in the Loudoun County Codified Ordinances
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<del>(F)</del>	Communal Water and Wells. Wells shall be installed in accordance with the provisions in Chapter 6 (proposed) of the Facilities Standards Manual, relating to "Subdivisions with Communal Water Systems," and "Subdivisions with Individual Wells." In addition to well protection standards in the FSM, structures and septic systems shall be located a minimum distance of 100 feet from all existing and proposed wells, both on and off-site.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<del>(G)</del>	On-Site Sewage Disposal Systems. On site sewage disposal systems, as currently defined in the Land Subdivision Development Ordinance, are allowed for individual lots and subdivisions with fewer than eight (8) lots in the LOD. Sewage disposal systems shall be subject to the review processes and requirements in the existing LSDO (Section 1245.10) and shall comply with requirements of the State of Virginia Department of Health Division of Sewage and Water Services, the Loudoun County Sanitation Authority regulations, the Loudoun County Health Department, and the following:
33 34 35 36 37		(1) Within the LOD, in areas that the Director of the Loudoun County Health Department deems appropriate for sewage disposal systems, the applicant shall only use a sewage disposal system that is at least 90% effective in removing nitrogens.
38 39 40 41		(2) For existing and new systems, owners shall submit evidence of pumping, inspection, and any necessary repairs and maintenance every three years. The applicant shall submit evidence of current

1	inspection and maintenance before expansion of
2	conversion of a land use.
3	(H) Communal Wastewater Systems. Proposed subdivisions
4	containing eight (8) or more lots shall be served by
5	communal wastewater systems, unless the applicant
6	demonstrates to the County that other types of systems are
7	available that will achieve the same or superior treatment
8	results. The County shall allow communal wastewater
9	systems in the LOD subject to the following standards:
	(1) Where sufficient buildable land area exists on the
10	(1) Where sufficient buildable land area exists on the portion of a property outside the LOD to
11	accommodate a proposed communal wastewater
12	disposal system, that area shall be used before any
13	land within the LOD shall be used; or
14	tand within the LOD sharr be used, or
15	(2) Where insufficient buildable land area exists outside
16	of the LOD, as much of the proposed communal
17	wastewater disposal system shall be sited outside
18	the LOD as possible.
10	·
19	(3) Where any portion of a proposed communal
20	wastewater disposal system is to be located within
21	the LOD the applicant shall demonstrate through a
22	Geophysical Study acceptable to the County that
23	the communal wastewater disposal system will
24	minimize run off generated, enhance filtration, and
25	will not have an adverse environmental impact on
26	underlying aquifers and groundwater. In addition,
27	the applicant shall provide a plan for regular
28	operation and maintenance.
29	(I) Protection of Springs. Land disturbing activities,
30	development, and impervious surface coverage are prohibited
31	within one hundred (100) feet from a spring, measured from
32	the vertical source of a spring on flat terrain or from the first
33	emergence of a spring on any steep slope (15% or greater).
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34	(J) Stormwater Management Ponds.
35	(1) To the maximum extent feasible, stormwater
36	management ponds shall not be located within areas
37	containing open sinkholes and closed depressions.
38	(2) Stormwater management ponds constructed within
39	the LOD shall be lined with impervious materials to

1 2	chapter 5 of the Facilities Standards Manual.
3	(K) Warnings to Property Owners. A note shall be placed on
4	any record subdivision plat for land in the LOD, containing
5	the following, or similar, language: "Household lawn
6	fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides for residential purposes
7	should be limited due to the underlying geology of this
8	property, and the potential for groundwater contamination.
9	Application of fertilizers and lime is allowed within the
10	Limestone Conglomerate Overlay District but should only be
11	applied based on results of a soil test obtained through the
12	Virginia Tech extension service or other County approved
13	<del>laboratory.</del>
14	4-1909 Mitigation Measures for the LOD. In addition to compliance with
15	the development standards in Section 4-1908, land disturbing activities
16	shall employ one or more measures as necessary to mitigate any
17	potential adverse impacts to the County's subsurface water resources
18	or sensitive environmental resources associated with limestone
19	bedrock, as identified in a preliminary soils review, required
20	Geotechnical or Geophysical Study as set forth in Section 4-1905(A),
21	or other hydrogeologic or environmental analysis,
22	(A) General. Mitigation measures shall be directly related to the
23	proposed land disturbing activity and its potential adverse
24	impact on karst features or sensitive environmental resources
25	associated with limestone bedrock identified on the subject
26	<del>property.</del>
27	(B) Mitigation Measures. If warranted by a study required by
28	this Zoning Ordinance, the County shall require measures to
29	mitigate the identified potential adverse impacts, including
30	but not limited to the following:
31	(1) Ineligibility for Density Increases. The applicant
32	may not be eligible for any density increases
33	permitted under the clustering provisions of this
34	Ordinance.
35	(2) Use of a Cluster Subdivision. Where not
36	otherwise required by this Ordinance, the County
37	may require cluster development.
38	(3) Landscaping and Reductions in Impervious
20	Surface Coverage. The County may require:

1 2	(a) Reductions in the maximum impervious surface coverage allowed;
3 4	(b) Reductions in the area devoted to landscaped lawns, and
5 6 7	(c) the use of xeriscape (i.e., use of native plant materials and landscape materials that have lower water and nutrient requirements).
8 9 10 11 12	(4) Prohibition of Specific Pollution Sources. The County may prohibit specific pollution sources, as defined in Chapter 5 of the Facilities Standards Manual if the applicant does not propose effective mitigation measures acceptable to the County, provide evidence that pollution sources will be
14 15	properly monitored, and that they will adhere to facility design standards.
16 17 18	(a) The County may prohibit the following pollution sources, including, but not limited to:
19 20	(i) Uses and activities involving hazardous substances;
21 22 23	(ii) Uses and activities involving the application of high-nitrate herbicides or pesticides;
24	(iii) Automobile service stations;
25	(iv) Underground storage tanks;
26	(v) Landfills and waste sites; and
27 28	(vi) Other uses and activities with high risk of releasing pollutants.
29 30	(5) Storage Tanks. The County may require leak testing and secondary containment of storage tanks.
31 32 33 34 35	(6) Conservation of Indigenous Vegetation. The County may require retention of indigenous vegetation to the maximum extent feasible, and in accordance with Tree Conservation Standards in Chapter 7 of the Facilities Standards Manual.
36 37 38	(7) <b>Groundwater Monitoring.</b> The County may require the applicant to establish a regular system of groundwater monitoring by a qualified professional for the proposed development.
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1 2	(8)	Explosives and Blasting. The County may require the following blasting mitigation measures:
3 4		(a) A blasting plan for approval that contains blasting procedures;
5 6		(b) A pre-blasting site inspection to determine base line conditions;
7 8 9		(c) Monitoring of initial blasts by appropriate seismic and noise measurements at sensitive locations identified in the blasting plan;
10		(d) Post blasting inspections; and
11 12 13		(e) Restrictions on blasting and explosives, or limits on blasting to specific times and atmospheric conditions to minimize impact.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(9)	Silviculture. Silviculture may be conducted only in conformance with a Forest Management Plan that is consistent with requirements in the Facilities Standards Manual and approved by both the Virginia Division of Forestry and the County. Silviculture does not include commercial planting or clear cutting of a forest.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(10)	Nutrient Management Plan. The County may require a Nutrient Management Plan to be completed according to guidelines established by the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation. All nutrient management plans required by this section shall be subject to County approval.
28 29 30 31 32	(11)	Conservation Easements. Conservation easements that permanently conserve sensitive limestone area may be dedicated to the County with its written consent and/or to a third party approved by the County.
33		

1	Section 4-2000 River and Stream Corridor Overlay District (RSCOD)
2 3 4 5 6	4-2001 Purpose and Intent. These provisions are intended to promote, preserve, and enhance the important hydrologic, biological, ecological, aesthetic, recreational, and educational functions that river and stream corridors provide. Specifically, the provisions are intended to:
7 8 9	(A) Protect life and prevent or minimize property damage from soil erosion and flooding; and reduce public costs for flood control, rescue, and relief efforts occasioned by unwise use or occupancy of floodplains;
10 11	(B) Comply with federal and state laws and regulations that address the need for floodplain management and protection;
12 13	(C) Qualify Loudoun County residents for the insurance and subsidies provided by the National Flood Insurance Program;
14 15	(D) Conserve the natural state of watercourses and stream banks to enable a dynamic and healthy river and stream corridor ecosystem;
16 17 18	(E) Maintain water quality and minimize or remove pollutants delivered in stormwater through the natural capacity of riparian areas to filter and purify run-off;
19	(F) Protect against the damages of soil erosion and flooding;
20	(G) Reduce water treatment cost;
21 22	<ul> <li>(H) Maintain and provide a riparian canopy to shade streams and promote desirable aquatic organisms and fish habitats;</li> </ul>
23	(I) Conserve wildlife habitat and corridors;
24 25	(J) Perpetuate biological diversity and natural resource management to provide educational and recreational value;
26 27	(K) Protect and preserve functioning forest cover and riparian forest buffers for their biological and hydrological benefits;
28	(L) Protect wetlands;
29 30	(M) Preserve and protect Loudoun County's historic and prehistoric heritage in the form of archeological sites; and
31	(N) Protect the scenic value of the rivers and streams of Loudoun County.
32	

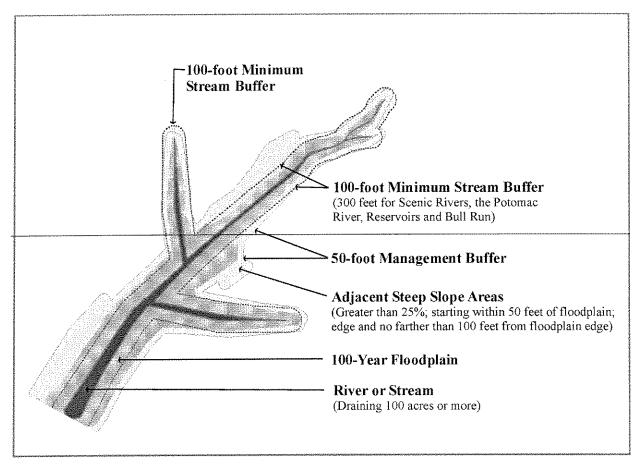
4-2002 Authority. Authority for these provisions includes:

1	(A) Flood Damage Reduction Act, Va. Code Sections 62.1 44.108 et seq.
2 3	(B) Chapter 11, Title 15.2, Code of Virginia (Planning, Subdivision of Land and Zoning).
4	(C) Soil Conservation Districts Law, Va. Code Sections 21-2(c), 21-2(d).
5	(D) Virginia Environmental Quality Act, Va. Code Section 10-178.
6	(E) Erosion and Sediment Control Act, Va. Code Section 21-89.2.
7	(F) Potomac River Basin Compact, Va. Code Section 62.1-69.1.
8	(G) National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, 42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.
9	(H) Section 10. 1-2100 et seq. (The Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act) and Section 15.1-489, of the Code of Virginia.
1	4-2003 Applicability and Exemptions.
2	(A) Applicability Land Area & Features Included in the RSCOD. This
13	Section 4 2000 shall apply to all land areas and natural features within the
4	River and Stream Corridor Overlay District (RSCOD), as shown on the
5	official River and Stream Corridor Overlay District Map of Loudoun
6	County ("RSCOD Map"), which with all explanatory matter thereon, is
7	hereby incorporated by reference. The description of the Protected River
8	and Stream Corridors ("Protected Corridors") in RSCOD is set forth in
19	Section 4 2005, "Establishment of Protected Corridors." (Note: Map
20	sources are listed on RSCOD Map.)
21	(B) Applicability Covered Activities. This Section 4-2000 shall apply to
22	all proposed land disturbing activity, including new single family
23	development and subdivision that occurs within the RSCOD Protected
24	River and Stream Corridors ("Protected Corridors"). This Section shall
25	not apply to the expansion, alteration, or reconstruction of legally existing
26	buildings, structures, and impervious surface areas existing on January 7,
27	2003, provided that such alteration does not increase the total footprint of a structure or impervious surface by more than twenty five percent (25%)
28	or 2000 square feet whichever is greater.
29	of 2000 square feet witherlevel is greater.
30	(C) Exemptions. The following land disturbing activities are exempt from
31	this Section 4-2000's requirements, subject to the specific limits set forth
32	below:
33	(1) Agricultural Operations. This section shall not apply to
34	agricultural operations located in the Protected Corridor that are
35	covered by a Conservation Farm Management Plan, approved by
16	the Loudoup County Soil and Water Conservation District or the

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1 2	U.S. Natural Resources and Conservation Service that includes best management practices. Structures associated with agricultural
3	operations are not exempt from these provisions.
4	(2) Existing Legal Lots within the Protected Corridor. A legal lot
5	of record (a) in existence on January 7, 2003; and (b) located in
6	whole or in part within the Protected Corridor, may be developed
7	for a single-family detached dwelling use and accessory structures,
8	provided such dwellings and structures are located outside of the
9	100 year floodplain. This exemption shall not apply to non-
10	residential uses. Such dwelling and accessory structures shall be
11	sited on the lot as far from the stream bank as feasible.
12	(3) Man-Made Drainage Channels, Ditches, and Similar
13	Structures. Standards set forth in Section 4-2005, "Establishment
14	of Protected Corridors," shall not apply to man made drainage
15	channels, ditches, and similar structures. However, all other
16	relevant development standards set forth in Section 4-2008 shall
17	<del>apply.</del>
18	(D) Zone District Development and Dimensional Standard Flexibility
19	Provisions. When twenty five percent (25%) or more of the total area
20	of a parcel or lot is subject to RSCOD restrictions (excluding any
21	management buffer), the following modifications of development and
22	dimensional standards shall be applicable for the purposes of
23	accommodating the density/intensity of development allowed in the
24	underlying zoning district, unless the underlying zoning requires less
25	restrictive standards:
26	(1) Minimum Lot Size: No minimum.
27	(2) Minimum Lot Width: No minimum.
28	(3) Minimum Yards.
29	(a) Residential: No minimum
30	(b) Nonresidential:
31	(i) Front. 15 feet
32	(ii) Side. 9 feet
33	(iii) Rear. 15 feet
34	(4) Height. 45 feet (residential); 55 feet, without additional setbacks
25	being required (nonresidential)

1 2 3	(5) Parking (nonresidential only). Twenty five percent (25%) reduction in the required off-street parking space requirement as set forth in Section 5-1002.
4 5 6 7 8 9	(6) <b>Buffering and Screening.</b> To the extent necessary to accommodate the density/intensity of development allowed in the underlying zoning district, the Zoning Administrator may waive or reduce the buffer yard requirements set forth in Section 5-1400 upon a showing that the building and/or yard has been designed to minimize adverse impact through a combination of architectural, landscape, and/or other design techniques.
11 12 13 14 15	4-2004 Review Procedures. All development approvals, review procedures, modifications, and density calculations in the RSCOD are governed by Article VI, "Development Process and Administration," as applicable, and procedures in Chapter 8 of the Facilities Standards Manual.
17	4-2005 Establishment of Protected Corridors.
18	(A) General Rule—Protected Corridors along Streams and Rivers.
19 20	(1) Minimum Protected Corridor Width. Except for those waters listed under section 4-2005(B)(1) below, for all stream and river
21	segments draining 100 acres or more and shown on the RSCOD
22	Map, the Protected Corridor shall be the greater of (1)(a) or (1)(b)
23	below:
24	(a) The cumulative width of the following:
25	(i) The 100-year floodplain, and
26	(ii) Adjacent very steep slopes (greater than 25%)
27	starting within 50 feet of the edge of the 100 year
28	floodplain and extending no greater than 100
29	horizontal feet beyond the edge of the 100-year
30	floodplain, and
31	(iii) A 50-foot Management Buffer measured from the
32	edge of the 100 year floodplain in (a)(i) above or
33	when adjacent very steep slopes are present, from
34	the very steep slope areas in (a)(ii) above.
35	<del>OR</del>
36	(b) A minimum stream buffer measured as the area located
37	within 100 feet of both sides of the stream or river,
38	measured as a line extending perpendicularly from the
39	stream bank of the active channel of the stream or river.



Protected River and Stream Corridor ("Protected Corridor") Diagram

# (B) Protected Corridors Along Specific Rivers/Streams and Water Supply Reservoirs

 (1) Minimum Protected Corridor Width. For the following specific rivers and streams and water supply reservoirs, the Protected Corridor shall be the greater of the Protected Corridor width required by Subsection 4-2005(A), "General Rule Protected Corridors along Streams and Rivers," above, or the area located within three-hundred (300) feet from:

(a) The defined stream bank of the Potomac River;

(b) The defined stream bank of Bull Run;

(c) The stream bank of the active channel for any state scenic rivers, including but not limited to Goose Creek, Catoctin Creek; and

d) The projected shoreline of any drinking water supply reservoir, as denoted on the RSCOD map.

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## 4-2006 Permitted Uses and Activities.

2 3	(A)—	General. Only those uses and activities set forth in this subsection shall be permitted by right or special exception within a Protected Corridor, and
4		land so encumbered may be used in a manner permitted in the underlying
5		district only if and to the extent such use is also permitted in the overlay
6		district.
7 8	<del>(B)</del>	Permitted Uses. The following uses shall be permitted in a Protected Corridor, subject to development standards in this section:
O		Connact, subject to development similar in the contract
9 10		(1) Roads, railroad tracks, bridges, paths and trails, and below ground utilities when any such facilities cross a stream or river;
11 12		(2) Paths and trails, including footpaths, bicycling or hiking paths, and horse trails constructed of permeable materials;
13 14		(3) Stormwater management facilities that do not alter a river or stream channel;
15		(4) Sanitary sewer pipelines;
16		(5) Lakes, ponds, and water supply reservoirs;
17		(6) Historic sites, structures, archaeological sites, and
18		restoration/recovery activities;
19		(7) Passive recreation, limited to hiking, non-motorized biking,
20 21		horseback riding, picnicking, camping, climbing, hunting, fishing, and wildlife viewing;
22		(8) Active recreation on the waters only, limited to swimming and
23		non-powered boating with public points of entry identified and
24		approved by the County;
25		(9) Silviculture, as defined in the Zoning Ordinance;
26		(10) Wildlife and fisheries management projects that are consistent with
27		the purposes of the Federal Endangered Species Act or consistent
28		with the regulations, policies, and habitat programs of the
29		Commonwealth of Virginia;
30		(11) Conservation and educational activities, including but not limited
31		to Adopt a Stream and Keep Loudoun Beautiful programs,
32		teaching visits, and scientific study of nature, historic sites, and
33		archaeological sites;
34		(12) Stream and riparian restoration projects;

1	(13) Wetlands mitigation banking; and
2	(14) Water quality monitoring and stream gauging.
3	4-2007 Special Exception Uses.
4	(A) General. The following uses may be permitted in a Protected Corridor by
5	special exception, subject to the procedures and criteria stated in Section
6	4-2008, "Development Standards," and Section 6-1300, "Special
7	Exception:"
8	(1) Marinas or boat launches for non-powered boats, boat rental entry
9	points, docks and piers; and
10	(2) Above ground structures or uses required for the operation of a
11	public utility, such as intake and outfall structures of power plants,
12	sewage treatment plants, water treatment plants, and substations.
13	(B) Additional Criteria for a Special Exception Use. In considering
14	applications for a special exception, the Board of Supervisors shall find
15	that the following standards, in addition to those of Section 6-1300,
16	"Special Exception," have been met:
17	(1) The proposed use will not increase the danger to life and property
18	due to increased flood heights or velocities.
19	(2) The proposed use will not increase the danger that materials may
20	be swept downstream to the injury of others.
21	(3) The proposed water supply and sanitation systems are designed to
22	prevent disease, contamination, and unsanitary conditions.
23	(4) The proposed use or structure must be located and designed to
24	limit its susceptibility to flood damage, and alternative locations
25	that are not subject to flooding must be considered.
26	(5) The expected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise and sediment
27	transport of the flood waters expected at the site shall not cause
28	significant damage, nor increase erosion downstream due to
29	increased flood heights or velocities.
30	(6) The proposed use will not adversely affect water quality or impair
31	the function or chemical, physical, biological, and ecological
32	integrity of the stream or river corridor.
33	4-2008 Development Standards. All development and land disturbing activities
34	permitted by right or special exception in the RSCOD Protected Corridor shall
35	adhere to the following development standards:

1	(A) General. To the maximum extent feasible, all uses and activities shall
2	minimize land disturbance in the Protected Corridor.
2	(1) Preferred Development Sites. Preferred development sites for
3	permitted uses and activities set forth in Section 4 2006 and special
4 5	exception uses set forth in Section 4-2007 are those that:
3	
6	(a) Avoid all parts of the Protected Corridor except to the
7	extent that the Management Buffer is reduced or eliminated
8	pursuant to Section 4-2009, "Permitted Reductions in
9	Protected Corridor Width;"
10	(b) Do not impair, interrupt, or fragment the functioning of the
11	river and stream ecology; and protect the safety of residents
12	and their property.
	(2) D. A. Mitigation of Disturbance
13	(2) Restoration/Mitigation of Disturbance.
14	(a) Disturbance During Development. All areas
15	disturbed during development in the Protected
16	Corridor shall be restored to preexisting conditions
17	by the applicant to the maximum extent feasible
18	Where restoration will not be feasible, then the
19	applicant shall mitigate any disturbance of the
20	Protected Corridor that exceeds 10,000 square fee
21	in area by providing mitigation in other areas in the
22	Protected in the form of:
23	(i) Providing riparian buffer pursuant to
24	Chapter 7 of the FSM, either on the
25	development site or off site; or
26	(ii) Enhanced BMPs pursuant to Chapter 5 o
27	the FSM, either on the development site of
28	off site; or
29	
30	(iii) Stabilization of off-site stream banks: or
31	
32	(iv) Off-site vegetation restoration of erosion
33	that is affecting water quality; or
34	
35	(v) Establishment of a restoration area equal in
36	quality and quantity of the area encroaching
37	into the 50 foot management buffe
38	elsewhere on the lot or parcel in a way the
39	maximizes the purpose and intent of the
40	protected corridor.

All mitigation areas shall be located in the general vicinity of the disturbed area (e.g., within the immediate drainage area) and shall be similar in size and quality as the disturbed area prior to development activity.

b) Pre-existing Conditions. On site stream bank stabilization and vegetation restoration shall be required if a site shows evidence of pre-existing erosion that is affecting water quality and/or stream banks that are unstable. Restoration shall be performed in accordance with Chapter 7 of the Facilities Standards Manual.

- (B) Alterations to the 100-Year Floodplain. No alterations shall occur in the 100-year floodplain to create additional buildable land by elevating land or relocating or altering a natural stream channel, except as specifically allowed as either a permitted or special exception use. Where alterations are permitted, they shall be pursuant to the provisions in this Section 4-2000, and the following criteria:
  - (1) Alterations to the floodplain shall result in no off site increase in the water surface elevation of the base flood. Alterations in the floodway shall result in no rise in the water surface elevation of the base floodplain consisting of the water channel and overbank areas capable of conveying the deep and fast moving water discharge of the base flood as defined in the Federal Emergency Management Agency Flood Insurance Study.
  - (2) Alterations to the floodplain shall not create erosive water velocity on or off-site (where erosive water velocity is based on analysis of the surface material and permissible velocities for specific cross sections affected by the proposed alteration, using standard engineering tables as a general guide), and the mean velocity of stream flow at the downstream end of the site after alteration shall be no greater than the mean velocity of the stream flow under existing conditions.
  - (3) The applicant shall provide plans for any alteration to the 100-year floodplain. The floodplain alteration plan shall further include plans for erosion control of cut and fill slopes and restoration of excavated areas. The site plan shall incorporate the use of natural materials (earth, stone, wood) on cut and fill slopes and provide for tree protection.

1 2	(4) The flood carrying capacity within the altered floodplain shall be maintained.
3	(5) Alterations to the floodplain shall be in conformance with the
4	provisions of Chapter 1220 of the Codified Ordinances of Loudoun
5	County and the Erosion and Sediment Control Law, Va. Code
6	Section 21-89.1 <u>et seq.</u>
7	(C) Vehicular, Pedestrian, and Utility Crossings. Where permitted, road,
8	driveway, railroad track, path and trail, and utility crossings of streams and
9	rivers shall be subject to Chapter 5 of the Facilities Standards Manual and
10	the following conditions:
11	(1) The proposed activity shall be supported by an analysis conducted
12	by a qualified and licensed professional engineer (P.E.) or Class B
13	surveyor (L.S.) that establishes that:
14	(a) No available, economically feasible alternative exists to
15	locating within the Protected Corridor or to crossing the
16	river or stream; and
17	(b) The crossing is designed to avoid or mitigate environmental
18	damage to the Protected Corridor and disturbance of the
19	aquatic environment, alteration of the waterway,
20	downstream migration of sediment, damage to bank
21	stability, and damage to stream or river bank and riparian
22	area vegetation.
23	(2) The applicant shall mitigate any disturbance of the Protected
24	Corridor by grading and planting to enhance the biological and
25	hydrologic processes. Provisions for reclamation of the disturbed
26	area shall be approved by the County and included in any
27	development or subdivision agreement for the project, with
28	adequate security to guarantee that the reclamation will be
29	completed.
30	(3) Any stream or river crossing shall minimize the length of the
31	crossing and minimize clearing and other land disturbance.
32	(4) Utility crossings shall be combined with road, railroad track, and
33	driveway crossings when feasible. Crossings in a subdivision shall
34	be spaced with a minimum separation of one thousand (1,000) feet
35	unless closer spacing will reduce adverse environmental impacts.
3.0	(5) Rights of way shall be the minimum width necessary for
36	(5) Rights of way shall be the minimum width necessary for installation, access, and maintenance.
37	mstanation, access, and maintenance.

l	(€	) The County shall allow construction of low-water crossings
2		intended for use only by pedestrians, equestrians, or bicyclists, but
3		not for crossings designated for automobiles or other vehicles,
		except as specified in the Facilities Standards Manual.
4		except as specified in the Facilities Standards Mandar.
5	(7	7) Vehicular crossings shall be designed to allow wildlife to pass over
	ζ.	or under the crossings.
6		of under the crossings.
7	(D) St	tormwater Management. Stormwater management structures,
		ractices, and activities permitted in the Protected Corridor, shall be
8		
9		abject to development standards in Chapter 5 of the Facilities Standards
10		lanual, and shall adhere to the Virginia Stormwater Management
11	H	andbook and the Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook.
	·	t p t tp Talan under and management shall be
12		akes, Ponds, and Reservoirs. Lakes, ponds, and reservoirs shall be
13		esigned using best management practices and with measures to mitigate
14	ŧh	e following potential adverse environmental impacts:
15	(1	) Wetland loss;
	(2	D. Franck habitat lagge
16	(2	?) Forest habitat loss;
17	(3	Barriers to fish migration;
1 /	Ç	) Darriers to fish migration,
18	(4	) Groundwater contamination;
19	(5	i) Downstream warming;
20	<del>(6</del>	Downstream water quality during dry weather;
	<b>.</b>	D. D. J.
21	<del>(7</del>	Potential interruption of downstream bedload movement;
22	(8	Damage to historic and cultural resources and archaeological sites;
22	(0	
23		<del>and</del>
2.4	(0	Water quality of the pond or lake effluent.
24	<del>(&gt;</del>	y ater quanty of the pond of take efficient.
25	(F) R	ecreation Facilities. Recreation facilities shall be subject to the
26		ollowing standards:
20	10	nonning beautiful.
27	(1	) Access to waterways shall be limited to specific points of entry as
	(-	approved by the County.
28		approved by the county.
29	(2	) Facilities shall be located on previously disturbed areas to the
30	(2	maximum extent feasible.
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31	(3	) Facilities shall be designed to minimize disturbance to the
27	(5	biological and hydrologic processes in the Protected Corridor.

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1 2	(4) All paths and trails shall be constructed of permeable materials (e.g., permeable soft or pervious hardstand materials, including but not limited to pervious bitumen or concrete).
3	not limited to pervious bitumen of concrete).
4	(G) Silviculture. Silviculture shall be subject to best management practice
5	measures and shall be conducted only in accordance with an approved
6	Forest Management Plan that is approved by both the Virginia Division of
7	Forestry and the County. Silviculture does not include commercial
8	harvesting or clear cutting of a forest.
9	(H) Tree and Vegetation Conservation. Natural vegetation in the Protected
10	Corridor shall be preserved in accordance with Chapter 7 of the Facilities
11	Standards Manual. Existing healthy trees and vegetation within the
12	Protected Corridor shall be supplemented with additional native planting
13	and landscaping approved by the County where necessary. This provision
14	shall not prohibit removal of dead trees/vegetation that present a danger to
15	public safety, noxious weeds, non-native trees/vegetation that threaten
16	native species growth or reintroduction, or any other tree/vegetation that is
17	a threat to the public health or safety.
18	
19	4-2009 Permitted Reductions in Protected Corridor Width. Where the Protected
20	Corridor on a specific property includes a 50-foot Management Buffer as
21	established by Section 4-2005(A)(1)(a) above, the County Zoning Administrator,
22	upon the recommendation of the County Engineer, may approve a reduction of or
23 24	elimination of the 50-foot Management Buffer in the following circumstances:
25	(A) Demonstration of No Adverse Impact. If the applicant can demonstrate
26	that the existing floodplain is of sufficient size and quality so as to protect
27	water quality and meet other purposes set forth in Section 4-2001 and that
28	reduction of the Management Buffer will not adversely impact other
29	RSCOD elements, or
30	(B) Economic Use of Property. If the area of the property to be developed
31	that is outside the Protected Corridor, including the 50 foot Management
32	Buffer, is insufficient to accommodate the density or intensity of
33	development allowed in the underlying zoning district, provided that:
34	(1) The applicant shall mitigate any adverse environmental impacts the
35	reduction or elimination may have on primary conservation areas
36	located on or off site as identified through the conservation design
37	process in Section 6-2000, if applicable.
38	(2) Any reduction shall be the minimum necessary to achieve a
39	reasonable buildable area for a principal structure and necessary
40	<del>utilities.</del>